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# VARICK'S

# RELIABLE SEEDS



Stringless Green Podded (Burpee's) Beans

**Cultivation.** About the first of May select a sunny dry and level spot; dig and manure slightly; make drills two inches deep and eighteen inches to two feet apart; drop the beans three inches apart on the drills, and cover no more than two inches deep. Hoe well in dry weather to keep down the weeds. Sow every two weeks for a succession.

**BUSH BEANS**

Two pounds will plant about 100 feet of drill

**Green Podded Dwarf Varieties**

	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Dwarf Horticultural	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Stringless Green Podded	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Low's Champion	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Arlington (Improved Goddard)	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Long Yellow Six Weeks	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Red Kidney	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Burpee's Bush Lima	.55e	.65e	\$1.50
Improved Yellow Eye	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Bountiful	.40e	.55e	\$1.25

**Dwarf Wax or Butter Varieties**

	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Black Wax, Carrie's Rust Proof	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Black Wax, Pencil Pod	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Hodson's Wax	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Improved, Golden Wax	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Wardwell's Kidney Wax	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Golden Eye Wax	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Round Pod Kidney Wax	.40e	.55e	\$1.25

**POLE BEANS**

Two pounds to 100 hills

	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Horticultural	.30e	.55e	\$1.25
Kentucky Wonder or Stunke	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Large White Lima	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Scarlet Runner	.45e	.60e	\$1.45
Worcester Pole	.40e	.55e	\$1.25
Kentucky Wonder Wax	.45e	.65e	\$1.45

**Cultivation.** This may be sown in the same way as bush beans. They should be planted in the middle of May. If you have a large garden, pole beans are apt to rot if planted close together. Space them six inches apart and plant in rows six inches apart. Support the vines by a single pole. Tie them out to three or four feet from the ground. Tie them to the ends of the plant where they come near the top of the pole, so as to give perfect growth room. The scarlet runner needs a tall support, a heavy ful of rich light soil. If you find your vines too tall, cut them back to 6 to 8 inches. Lima beans grow well in frames, but do not like to be planted in the open ground.

# JOHN B. VARICK COMPANY

MANCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Field, Garden and Flower Seeds  
Agricultural Tools and Implements

Fruit Trees, Rose Bushes and Shrubbery  
Farm Machinery, Dairy and Poultry Supplies

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## TABLE BEETS

An ounce will sow about 50 feet of drill  
Five or six pounds required for an acre



Crosby's Egyptian Blood Turnip Beets

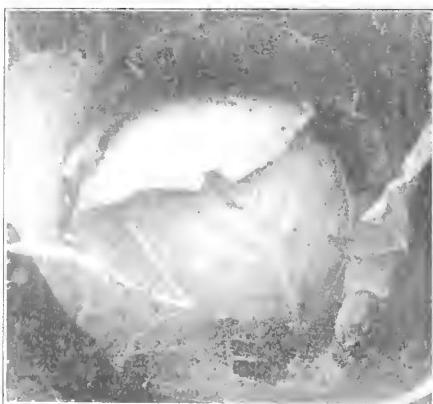
	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Dewing's Early Blood Turnip	10e	15e	35e	85e
Crosby's Egyptian	10e	15e	35e	85e
Extra Early Eclipse	10e	15e	35e	85e
Edmand's Early Blood Turnip	10e	15e	35e	85e
Detroit Dark Red Blood Turnip	10e	15e	35e	85e
Early Wonder	10e	15e	35e	85e

## Sugar Beets and Mangle-Wurzels

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Large Red Norbitan Giant Mangle-Wurzels	10e	10e	25e	75e
Golden Tankard	10e	10e	25e	75e
White French Sugar Beet	10e	10e	25e	75e
Swiss Chard, Silver Leaf	10e	10e	25e	75e
Swiss Chard, Lacinatus	10e	15e	30e	90e

## CABBAGE

One ounce produces about 3,000 plants



Copenhagen Market Cabbage

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Jersey Wakefield	10e	30e	90e	\$2.75
Henderson's Early Summer	10e	30e	90e	\$2.75
Charleston Large Wakefield	10e	30e	90e	\$2.75
Early Winnigstadt	10e	25e	85e	\$2.75
Sure Head	10e	30e	85e	\$2.75
American Drumhead Savoy	10e	30e	85e	\$2.75
Premium Flat Dutch	10e	30e	85e	\$2.75
Red Rock (Hender's Mam.)	10e	30e	\$1.00	\$3.00
Warren Stone Mason	10e	30e	90e	\$3.00
Hollander or Dan. Ball Head	10e	30e	90e	\$2.75
Copenhagen Market	10e	35e	\$1.00	\$3.00
Glory of Enkhuizen	10e	35e	\$1.00	\$3.00

**CULTURE**—The Cabbage is one of the most important vegetables and some of its varieties are universally cultivated. The ground must be highly manured, deeply dug or ploughed, and thoroughly worked to insure good, full-sized heads. A heavy, moist and fresh loam is the most suitable. The early sorts should be sown very early in the spring, in hot beds, or later in the open ground. Eighteen inches by three feet is the common distance.

## CARROT

An ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill;  
3 lbs. to the acre.

**CULTURE**—The carrot thrives best in a deep, rich, loamy soil. Sow in drills about 1½ in. apart and 1 in. deep. Make the soil firm over the seed. For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; for fall use, in May; for winter, from the 20th of June to the middle of July, according to the variety. Thin plants to 4 or 5 in. apart. Give frequent shallow cultivation.



Danvers Half Long Carrot

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Half Long Scar, Nantes	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
Guarande or Ox Heart	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
Danvers Half Long	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
Improved Long Orange	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
White Belgian	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
Chantenay	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10
Hutchinson	10e	15e	35e	\$1.10

## CAULIFLOWER

An ounce will produce about 2,000 plants

**CULTURE**—In general, the Cauliflower requires about the same treatment as the cabbage; moist land is, however, more essential; and heavier manuring and more frequent cultivation aid to a greater extent the full development of the plant. In this climate the plant heads well only in the cool fall months. Seed should therefore be sown as for late cabbage, from the middle of May to middle of June, the late varieties, however, requiring a little more time than most late cabbage.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Oz.	Oz.
Henderson's Early Snowball	10e	60e	\$2.00

## CELERY

One ounce of seed will produce about 3,000 plants

**CULTURE**—Sow the seed in a light, rich, dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills, eight to ten inches apart and cover the seeds about a quarter of an inch deep, rolling or treading them in if the ground be dry. The beds should be kept well weeded, and an occasional soaking with water in dry weather will do the plant good. The plants may be set in a single row in a narrow trench, or the trench may be made into a bed wide enough to hold two, three or four rows, and in this case the plants are in a compact form to be covered for the winter where they grow. The beds should be made very rich with



Giant Pascal Celery

thoroughly decomposed manure. The plants will need to be earthed up two or three times.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Oz.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
White Plume	10e	18e	30e	85e
Giant Pascal	10e	18e	30e	85e
Boston Market	10e	18e	35e	\$1.00
Golden Self-Blanching (French imported)	10e	50e	90e	\$2.75

## SWEET CORN

One pound to 100 hills; 20 pounds to an acre

**CULTURE**—The sweet or sugar varieties being liable to rot in cold, wet ground, should not be planted before the middle of May, and for a succession continue planting every two weeks until July, in rich, well-manured ground, in hills three feet apart each way, covering about an inch and thin out to three plants to a hill or plant in rows four feet apart, and to stand eight inches apart in the rows.

### Sweet Corn

	1 Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Golden Bantam	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Improved, Early Orange	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Red Cob, Extra Early	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Cresby's Early	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
White Cob Cob	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Country Gentleman	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Golden Evergreen	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Black Mexican	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Stowell's Evergreen	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00
Whipple's Early Yellow	30e	55e	\$1.25	\$2.00

### FIELD AND ENSILAGE CORN

Early 8 Rowed Canada  
Longfellow  
Leaving  
Early Sanford  
Evergreen Sweet Fodder  
Red Cob Ensilage  
Eureka  
Selected Beauty

Prices  
on Application



Golden Bantam

### POP CORN

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.
White Rice	25c	45c	\$1.00

## CUCUMBER

One ounce will plant about 50 hills



Davis Perfect Cucumber

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Early Cluster	10e	15e	45e	\$1.50
Early Russian	10e	15e	45e	\$1.50
Improved Early White Spine	10e	15e	45e	\$1.50
Davis Perfect	10e	20e	50e	\$1.50
Boston Pickling	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Long Green Improved	10e	20e	50e	\$1.50
Japanese Climbing	10e	20e	50e	\$1.50
West India Gherkins	10e	20e	50e	\$1.50

## LETTUCE

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants

**CULTURE**—Sow the seeds in hotbed in February or March, and transplant after the frost has passed. For early crops, sow in the open ground in April, and for late crops, in June. Lettuce is easily raised from seed.

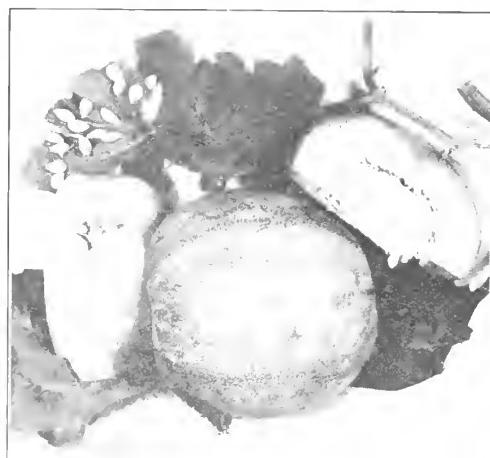


May King Lettuce

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Big Boston	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Boston Improved	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Tennis Ball, Black Seeded	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Tennis Ball, White Seeded	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Early Curled Simpson W. S.	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Early Curled Simpson B. S.	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Early Prize Head or Beefsteak	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Boston Curled	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
May King	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
White Paris Cos. (Romaine)	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Mignonette	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00
Teeberg	10e	20e	60e	\$2.00

## MUSK MELON OR CANTALOUP

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills per acre



Emerald Gem Musk Melon

**CULTURE**—After danger of frost is past, the ground being prepared, dig a deep furrow and fill it with peat, dry loam, and leafmold, four to six inches according to the vigor of the variety. Plant twelve seeds in each, covering with about an inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. When the plants begin to climb and the striped berries are pretty well developed, four to five of the most vigorous plants in a hill. Give frequent but shaded cultivation, until the plants make runners so long that this is impractical. Rich earth for young plants is far better than manure, but if the latter must be used, see that it is well rotted and thoroughly mixed with the soil.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Emerald Gem	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Extra Early Hackensack	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Rocky Ford or Imp. Net. Gem	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Long Yellow Cantaloupe	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Miller's Cream	10e	15e	40e	\$1.25
Banana	10e	20e	65e	\$2.00

## WATERMELON

One ounce will plant about 30 hills; 4 to 5 pounds are required for an acre.

CULTURE—Sow in drills in April or May. When the plants are two or three inches high, thin out to stand twelve inches apart in the rows. Watermelons are very susceptible to frost, so do not set them out until the danger of frost is past. They require a warm, dry soil, and a long season of from 100 to 120 days to ripen. They are easily raised from seed, and are good for the market.

SEEDS—*White*, *Red*, *Yellow*, *Black*.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
10e	10e	\$1.25	

## ONION

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 5 or 6 pounds per acre.



Yellow Globe Danvers Onion

CULTURE—For sets, sow the seed as early as possible in the Spring, and thin in drills. As soon as the tops die off in summer, remove the old, dry plants and early in the following spring replant by sowing in shallow drills twelve inches apart and about four inches apart in the drills. The onions obtained by this process are of uniform size all the season. They may also be grown to full size for market by sowing thinly in drills one foot apart, and thinning out by cutting back in March or early in April, in strong land, often digging and thinning them out to stand three or four inches apart in the drills. They delight in a strong, rich, deep, loamy soil, and will be grown successive years on the same ground. By sowing seed in frames in February or March and transplanting the young plants of immense size can be obtained. For this purpose Southport Globe (white, yellow or red) and Prizetaker are recommended.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Large Red Wethersfield	10e	\$1.00	\$3.00
Yellow Globe Danvers	10e	\$1.00	\$3.00
Southport Red Globe	10e	\$1.00	\$3.00
Prizetaker	10e	\$1.00	\$3.00
White Portugal	10e	\$1.00	\$3.00

## ONION SETS

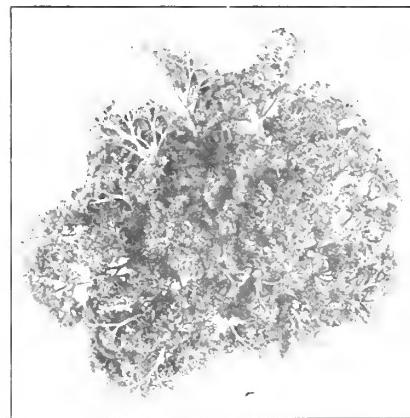
CULTURE—Onion sets should be planted near the surface as early as possible in open ground in drills, four twelve inches apart and four feet between the rows. This produces a very early and profitable crop. The sets must be good ones. Add six cents per quart if sent by mail, and one cent for each dozen.

	Lbs.	4 Lbs.	8 Lbs.
White Onion	25e	\$1.60	\$1.60
Yellow Onion	25e	\$1.60	\$1.60
Japanese or Ebenezer	25e	\$1.60	\$1.60
Shallots	30e	\$1.10	\$2.00

## PARSLEY

One ounce to 100 feet of drill.

CULTURE—Parsley grows easily and quickly, and comes into bearing in about four weeks after sowing. It should be sown in drills, 12 to 14 inches apart. Thin to 3 or 4 inches apart, or when the plants are 6 inches high, thin to 6 inches apart. It can be sown in hotbeds in February, and later in the open ground. Late in autumn, place straw over the plants to keep them out the season of setting. For canning purposes, nothing equals parsley; it is also used in salads, soups, etc. Any good soil is suitable for growing this plant.



Champion Moss Curled Parsley

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Champion Moss Curled	10e	15e	\$1.00
Plain Leaf	10e	15e	\$1.00

## PARSNIP

One ounce to 150 feet of drill.

CULTURE—Sow thick in April in rows eighteen inches apart and one inch deep, in rich, deep soil, well manured the previous fall, or with fine manure early in March. When the plants are two or three inches high, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in the fall a sufficient quantity for winter use, leaving the rest in the ground until spring to be dug up as required.



### HOLLOW CROWN

One of the best grown for the table or stock.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
10e	15e	\$1.00	

### LONG SMOOTH WHITE

The variety most in use; straight, smooth and handsome.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
10e	15e	\$1.00	

Hollow Crown Parsnip

## PEPPER

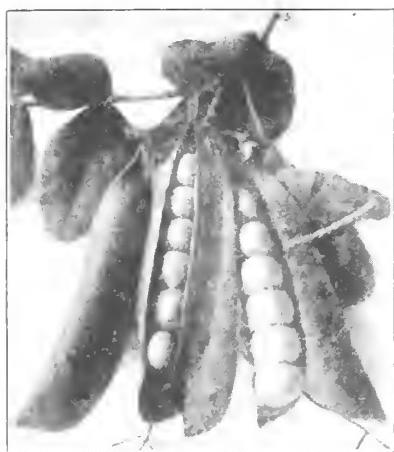
One ounce will produce 1,000 plants.

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in March, and when the soil has become warm set in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches in the rows; hoe frequently and keep down all weeds. The plants may also be forwarded in small pots.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Ruby King	10e	35e
Large Bell or Bull Nose	10e	35e
Neapolitan	10e	35e

## GARDEN PEAS

Two pounds will plant about 100 feet of drill; 142 to 170 pounds to the acre.



Sutton's Excelsior

**CULTURE.**—The ground should be light, warm soil is desirable for the extra early varieties. Peas generally succeed better on that which is moderately heavy. The early, smooth, peas are very hardy and may be planted as soon as frost out of the ground and are sometimes planted in the fall. The wrinkled varieties are somewhat more tender and seed is more liable to rot if planted as early. Plant the early and dwarf varieties in drills 2½ feet apart and 3 or 4 inches deep, but cover with but one inch of soil and fill trench gradually as plants grow. Plant the taller and later varieties in rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 5 to 6 inches deep covering as already suggested.

### Extra Early Dwarf Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
American Wonder	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Nott's Excelsior	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Premium Gem	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Little Marvel	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Sutton's Excelsior	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Blue Bantam	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

### Extra Early Varieties of Taller Growth

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Gradus	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Thomas Laxton	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Laxtonian	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Early Morn	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

### Second-Early, Medium and Late Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Dwarf Telephone	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Everbearing	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Improved Stratagem	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Champion of England	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Telephone "Improved"	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

## CANADA FIELD PEAS

	Lb.	15 Lbs.	30 Lbs.
Canada or White Field	10c	\$1.30	\$2.40

## PUMPKIN

One and one-half pounds will plant 300 hills.

**CULTURE.**—May be planted middle of Spring among Indian Corn or in field or garden, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, 4 seeds in a hill; in other respects are cultivated in same manner as Melons and Cucumbers; avoid planting near other vines. Two pounds to an acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
CONNECTICUT FIELD				
The common large yellow Pumpkin; excellent for stock	10c	15c	30c	90c

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
SUGAR OR SWEET — Excellent for baking and for pies	10c	15c	35c	\$1.00

## POTATOES

10 to 12 bushels, or about 4 barrels sufficient for one acre. One peck will plant 75 hills.



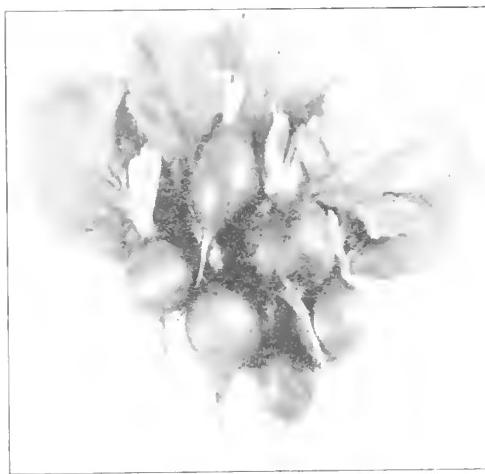
Green Mountain Potato

Beauty of Hebron	Prices
Early Rose	on Application
Green Mountain	on Application
Norcross	on Application
Gold Coin	on Application
Irish Cobbler	on Application

Treat Your Seed Potatoes with "Duby"
Semesan Bell
4 Oz. Tins 50c
1 Lb. Tins \$1.75
5 Lb. Tins \$8.00

## RADISH

An ounce will sow 100 feet of drill



Early Scarlet Globe Radish

**CULTURE.**—Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring, in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, every week or ten days for succession, up to the middle of June; after which they are little used unless a cool, moist spot can be found where the ground is shaded during part of the day. They should be sown in light, rich soil, as a spring Radish is easily produced in heavy soils. Sow also in early fall for late crops and winter use. Sow 8 to 12 pounds to the acre. Radishes should be sown when quite small; it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to small turnip-shaped sorts.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Early Scarlet Turnip	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Early Sc. Turn. White Tipped	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Scarlet Globe	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
French Breakfast	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Crimson Giant	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Early Long Scarlet, Short Top	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
White Icicle	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Long Black Spanish Winter	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Round Black Spanish	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
White Strasburg	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00

## SQUASH

An ounce of small seeded varieties will plant 30 to 40 hills; of the larger seeded varieties, 12 to 15 hills



Improved Green Hubbard Squash

**CULTURE.**—The Squash is very tender and should not be planted until all danger of frost and cold nights are passed. It thrives best in warm soil, which can hardly be made too rich; manure should be worked well into the soil over the entire area, and hills should have a liberal quantity of that which is well rotted. To avoid borers, it is more or less the custom to plant as late as possible and is often done as late as the middle of June. In such case, an application of commercial fertilizer or nitrate of soda greatly hastens the first growth. The early bush varieties are generally planted in hills about 5 feet apart and the running varieties about 10. Thin to three plants to the hill.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Mammoth White Bush Scallop	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Early Summer Crookneck	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
American Turban	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Essex Hybrid	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Boston Marrow	10c	15c	35c	\$1.00
Green Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Golden Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Delicious	10c	20c	60c	\$1.50
Warted Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Blue Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Giant Summer Straight-Neck	15c	45c	\$1.40	

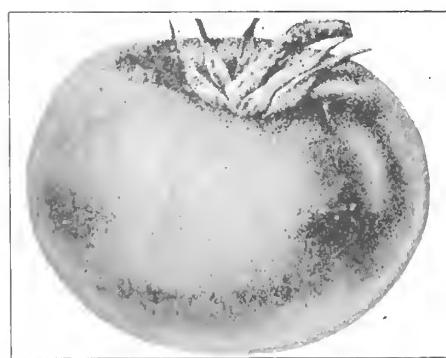
## SPINACH

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 12 pounds to the acre

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Round Thick Leaf or Summer	10c	10c	25c	.50c
New Zealand	10c	15c	40c	\$1.00
Long Standing	10c	10c	25c	.50c
Blooms Dale Savoy	10c	10c	25c	.50c
King of Denmark	10c	25c	50c	

## TOMATO

One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants



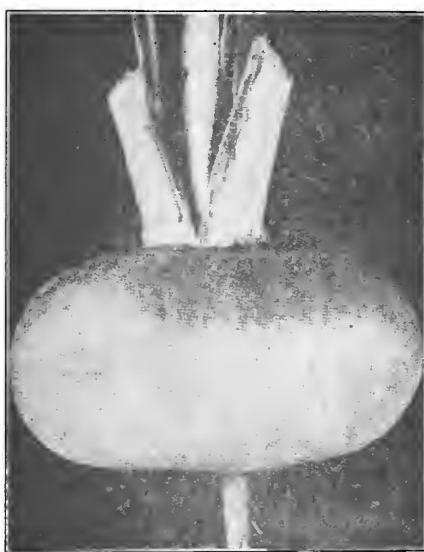
John Baer

fore setting out, the plants will be still more stocky. Set out in the open ground about the first of June, four feet apart each way, using a shovelful of rotted manure in each hill.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Oz.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	
Earliana	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
New Stone	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
Dwarf Champion	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
June Pink	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
Ponderosa	10c	30c	50c	\$1.50	
Chalk's Early Jewel	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
Bonnie Best	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
John Baer	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
Dwarf Stone	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	
Plum	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25	

## TURNIP

One ounce to 150 feet of drill; one pound to the acre



Purple Top Strap Leaf

**CULTURE.**—For early use sow as soon as the ground opens in the spring in drills from twelve to fifteen inches apart; thin out to six or eight inches in the rows. For a succession, continue to sow every two weeks until June; for a fall and winter crop sow in July and August. The Ruta Bagas are grown for feeding stock, and are also excellent for the table. Take up the roots in November or before severe frosts; cut off the tops within an inch of the crown, store in a cool cellar or pit, or pile up in a conical form out of doors in dry ground; cover carefully with long straw and finish by earthing up, covering them with about twelve or fifteen inches of earth, leaving a trench around the heap to carry off the water. Put away in this manner they will be found in good condition in the spring.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Purple Top Strap Leaf	10c	15c	25c	.85c
White Egg	10c	15c	25c	.85c
Purple Top White Globe	10c	15c	25c	.85c
Golden Ball	10c	15c	25c	.85c
White Sweet German	10c	15c	25c	.85c
Yellow Ruta Baga, Am. Pnr. Top	10c	15c	25c	.85c
St. Andrew's Yellow Ruta Baga	10c	15c	25c	.85c

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS

**CULTURE.**—The quickest and easiest way to secure an asparagus bed is to plant two-year-old roots, and thus secure a good producing bed from one to two years before one can be had from seeds.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL	Two-year-old roots, per 100	\$2.00
PALMETTO	Two-year-old roots, per 100	\$2.00

## MISCELLANEOUS GARDEN SEEDS

### BRUSSEL SPROUTS

**CULTURE.**—Species of the cabbage family. It produces along the whole length of the stem small sprouts resembling miniature cabbages. The heads are a great delicacy boiled in the same way as cauliflower. Seeds should be sown about the middle of May in a seed bed and the plants afterwards set out in rows two feet apart and cultivated like cabbage. Being small and hard, the sprouts are not in the least affected by frost.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Long Island, Improved	10c	25c	.75c

### CRESS OR PEPPERGRASS

**CULTURE.**—Sow thickly in shallow drills, early in spring and at intervals throughout the season, for a succession, as it soon runs to seed. Watercress requires a stream of running water, ditch or pond, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping the weeds from interfering with it.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Extra Curled	10c	15c	.35c
True Watercress	10c	50c	\$1.50

**DANDELION****One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill**

**CULTURE**—Sow in May in drills ten inches apart; thin out to 3 inches apart. Cultivate during the season and in the following spring the plants will be fit for use.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Improved Thick Leaved	5c	85c	\$2.50	

**ENDIVE****One ounce of seed to 150 feet of row**

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Green Curled	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25
Giant Fringed	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25
White Heart	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25

**KOHL RABI****One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill**

**CULTURE**—An intermediate vegetable between the Cabbage and Turnip. Sow in April in rows eighteen inches apart, and thin out and transplant in rows eight inches apart. When three or four inches in diameter they are fit to eat. For late use sow in June or July.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early White Vienna	10c	25c	75c	
Early Purple Vienna	10c	25c	75c	

**LEEK**

**CULTURE**—The leek is very hardy and easily cultivated. It succeeds best in a light, well-enriched soil. Sow as early in the spring as practicable, in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high, they may be transplanted in rows ten inches apart, each way, as deep as possible, that the neck, being covered, may be blanched.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
American Flag	10c	25c	90c	
Large Carentan	10c	25c	90c	

**ASPARAGUS**

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Martha Washington	10c	25c	60c	

**EGG PLANT**

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
New York Improved	10c	25c	45c	

**OKRA**

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
White Velvet	10c	15c	25c	

**MUSTARD****One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill**

**CULTURE**—Very hardy. Seed can be sown as soon as the soil is free from frost, in shallow drills. Cut when a few inches high. It grows rapidly, and several sowings may be made. The young leaves are good for spring salad.

**WHITE**—Fine for salad or culinary purposes.

**CHINESE**—The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard, while the flavor is sweet and pungent.

Pkt. Oz.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Lb.

5c 10c 30c 90c

5c 15c 35c \$1.00

**SWEET, MEDICINAL AND POT HERBS**

**ANISE** (*Pimpinella anisum*). Hardy annual, used for garnishing and seasoning.

Used as a drink for the sick and for culinary purposes.

**BASIL SWEET** (*Ocimum basilicum*). Seeds sown in April, indoors, in rich, light soil, and in beds in June.

**BORAGE** (*Borago officinalis*). Used for flavoring, and flowers furnish bee pasture.

**CARAWAY** (*Carum carvi*). Grown for the seeds, which are used in flavoring.

**CATNIP, OR CATMINT** (*Nepeta cataria*). Used for medicinal purposes.

**CORIANDER** (*Coriandrum sativum*). Young leaves used in soups and salads. Seeds in confectionery, and for flavoring.

**DILL** (*Anethum graveolens*). Leaves used for flavoring.

**FENNEL, SWEET** (*Anethum foeniculum*). Leaves used in fish sauces and for garnishing.

**LAVENDER** (*Lavandula vera*). Flower spikes are dried for their peculiar lasting fragrance.

**MARJORAM, SWEET** (*Origanum marjorana*). Hardy perennial, cultivated for use of its leaves for flavoring.

**ROSEMARY** (*Rosmarinus officinalis*). Foliage used for medicinal purposes.

**SAGE** (*Salvia officinalis*). Used for seasoning.

**THYME** (*Thymus vulgaris*). Leaves and tops are used for culinary purposes.

ALL IN 10c PACKAGES

# VARICK'S RELIABLE FLOWER SEEDS

Produce the Most Beautiful Flowers in the Garden. Varick's Reliable Flower Seeds Are Large, Pure and True.

**Very Large Packets, 10c Each**

Plain Culture Directions Printed on Each of Our Flower Seed Packets. With This Help You Are Sure of Success.

## VARICK'S NASTURTIUM

### VARICK'S DWARF NASTURTIUM

Unrivaled in beauty and effect. Planted in poor soil, they flower profusely. Plant liberally. We offer the choicest variety in equal mixture.

Pkt. 10c; ounce, 15c.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

### VARICK'S TALL NASTURTIUM

Few flowers, either as clustering vines or trailing on the ground, are more attractive or fragrant than the common tall Nasturtium. We have secured only the choicest sorts and prepared a grand mixture, not surpassed by any on earth. Only the hand-somest varieties comprise this superb mixture.

Pkt. 10c; ounce, 15c.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

**SWEET PEAS**

### VARICK'S GORGEOUS MIXTURE

Sweet Peas are one of our greatest flower seeds. Varick's Gorgeous Mixture is undoubtedly the finest of all ever offered. It is our own stock, never adulterated, and is the grand standard mixture of the old English type. This seed has been carefully grown from especially selected stock, and is never treated. The mixture contains the largest and the largest flowers, and is the most perfect mixture that can be had. It includes many of Elkford's latest introductions, as well as others, and we claim there are no better flowers offered in any selection.

Ounce, 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c.  
1 pound, 45c; lb., \$5.00.  
Delivered free anywhere in the United States.

### VARICK'S SUPERB NEW SPENCER

There are great improvements on the standard sorts, having large round green flowers of extraordinary size, measuring two inches end over across, with wavy standards and wide spreading wings, a very large percentage bearing four of these immense blossoms to the stem, which is long and strong, making them of exceptional value for cutting and are just as easy to grow as the standard varieties.

Ounce, 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c.  
1 pound, 45c; lb., \$5.00.



# JOHN B. VARICK CO., Manchester, N.H.

## LARGER CROPS IN FIELD AND GARDEN IF YOU USE “NITRAGIN”

The best of all legumes, such as Peas, Peanuts, and other legumes should always be inoculated with Nitragin. This is the only safe method of getting the most out of the soil—of averting the cause of a poor legume crop—a weak start—or a total failure.

GRASS SEEDS AND CLOVERS, GRAIN, RYE, WHEAT, ETC., at the Lowest Market Rates, and of the Best Quality. FERTILIZERS for the Home Garden and Lawn

### SWIFT'S LOWELL 3-8-4 ANIMAL BRAND FERTILIZER

For Corn, Grain, Grass and Vegetables  
Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent
Nitrogen	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	11 to 12 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	10 to 11 per cent
Potash	2 to 3 per cent
This is a popular brand at moderate cost, and is used not only for <i>Corn</i> and <i>Grain</i> , but for <i>Potatoes</i> and <i>Grass</i> , and is an excellent fertilizer for <i>Cranberries</i> and all crops. It gives an early and vigorous start, promoting steady growth to maturity. It contains more <i>Ammonia</i> and <i>available Phosphoric Acid</i> than ever before, while in large measure takes the place of <i>nitrate</i> which is a most reliable and economic brand to use.	
100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.25
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.03
Less than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	34.50

### PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

The best of all manures for Home Lawns and Gardens, House Plants, Window Boxes, Golf and Country Club Greens and Fairways, Shrubbery, Trees, Vines, Fruits, Berries, Melons, all Vegetable Crops, under glass or in the field. Effectively sterilized, weed seed killed. Supplies the humus, bacterial action and plant food that makes everything grow. A convenient Wagon Load of Manure in a Bag.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.50
50-Lb. Bags	1.50
25-Lb. Pugs	.90
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	42.00

### CANADIAN UNLEACHED HARDWOOD ASHES

Acts as Both Insecticide and Fertilizer. Especially recommended for grass (top dressing 1 ton to acre), also all crops but potatoes, especially onions and garden truck. Spread after ploughing and harrowing, 2 tons to acre.

100-Lb. Bags, per Bag	\$1.75
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.02 $\frac{1}{2}$
Less than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.03
Price per Ton	25.00

### SWIFT'S LOWELL 7-6-5 MARKET GARDEN SPECIAL GRASS AND LAWN DRESSING

Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	6 to 7 per cent
Nitrogen	5.74 to 5.74 per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	9 to 10 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	8 to 9 per cent

Potash 2 to 3 per cent

A most concentrated and powerful fertilizer. It is economical, too, because it is not necessary to apply so much per acre as of lower grades.

For *Asparagus*, *Celery*, *Lettuce*, *Spinach*, *Squash* and all *Fine Crops* it is excellent. Plants that need top dressing or reseeding in the spring should receive an application of this quick acting and reliable fertilizer. With sufficient moisture, it will double the crop over the yield where no manure or fertilizer has been used. It is strongly recommended for *Lawns*, *Flowers*, *Trees*, *Shrubbery* and *Vegetables*. In short, it is our best foliage and garden fertilizer.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$3.00
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.04
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price Per Ton	46.95

### LOMA

The perfect Plant Food for *Lawns*, *Flower Gardens*, *Vegetable Gardens*, *Shrubs* and *Potted Plants*.

100-Lb. Bag	\$6.00
50-Lb. Bag	3.25
25-Lb. Bag	1.75
10-Lb. Bag	.85
5-Lb. Package	.50

### VIGORO

Feed everything you grow with this complete, balanced diet.

100-Lb. Bag	\$6.00
50-Lb. Bag	3.75
25-Lb. Bag	2.00
5-Lb. Package	.60
12-Oz. Package	.10

### POWNAL LAND LIME

Put up in Paper Bags  
Price per Ton, \$9.50      100 Lbs., 55c

### SWIFT'S LOWELL 4-8-4 POTATO MANURE

Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	3 to 4 per cent
Nitrogen	2.46 to 3.28 per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	11 to 12 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	10 to 11 per cent

Potash 3 to 4 per cent

This is a fertilizer made for *Potatoes* and *Vegetables*, at moderate cost, to be used with or without barnyard manure, although it may be profitably used alone. It contains higher percentages of Ammonia and Phosphoric Acid than in previous years.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.50
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.03 $\frac{1}{2}$
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	37.75

*The best of all manures for Home Lawns*

### PURE GROUND BONE

Four to 5 per cent ammonia, 21 to 23 per cent phosphoric acid. A valuable fertilizer, especially for lawns, vines and fruit trees.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$3.50
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.04 $\frac{1}{2}$
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05 $\frac{1}{2}$
Price per Ton	52.00

### EDIBLE BONE MEAL

For lawns use 3 to 5 lbs. per 100 sq. feet. For roses, small fruit bushes and shrubs, use two handfuls around each plant and spade or hoe it in. For garden crops, use at the rate of 2 or 3 lbs. per 100 square feet (10 ft. square). Rake it in.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$4.35
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.06
Price per Ton	80.00

### CHEMICALS

	100 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	10 to 50 Lbs.	1 Lbs.
Tankage	\$4.25		\$0.05	\$0.06
Acid Phosphate	1.50	.02	.03	
Sulphate of Ammonia	4.25	.05		.07
Muriate of Potash	3.75	.05		.07
Nitrate of Soda	4.00	.05		.07

### LAND PLASTER

Excellent for composting and fertilizing; it is also used for preventing bugs from destroying Cucumber, Melon and Squash vines.

Price per Ton, \$16.00      100 Lbs., \$1.00

### VARICK'S LAWN GRASS SEED

VARICK'S LAWN GRASS SEED is composed exclusively of the best recleaned seeds of the choicest fine-bladed grasses, to which is added a suitable quantity of white clover, but not too much. This heavy, recleaned seed, free from chaff, is much stronger in vitality than usual grades. A given measured quantity will produce three to four times as many grass plants, besides making a stronger and quicker growth.

To cartons containing 7 oz. Lawn Grass Seed	22 cents	Per pound	40 cents
To cartons containing 14 oz. Lawn Grass Seed	42 cents	10 to 20 pound quantities (per pound)	37 cents
Varick's carton will sow about 250 square feet; a pound about 300 square feet.		20 pounds and over (per pound)	35 cents

### "SHADY NOOK" LAWN GRASS SEED

Many of our customers, having fine shade trees on their lawns or shaded corners receiving but little sunlight, have written regarding the difficulty of securing a good growth of grass under the trees or in other heavily shaded locations. As this mixture is composed entirely of choice, clean seed of the finest and most costly grasses, it cannot be sold at so moderate a price as our regular lawn mixture. It is all clean, heavy seed, free from chaff, and will give the best results with a minimum quantity of seed. PER POUND, 45c.

EVERYTHING FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND LAWN

JOHN B. VARICK CO., Manchester, N.H.